



Measuring societal progress – challenges for Europe

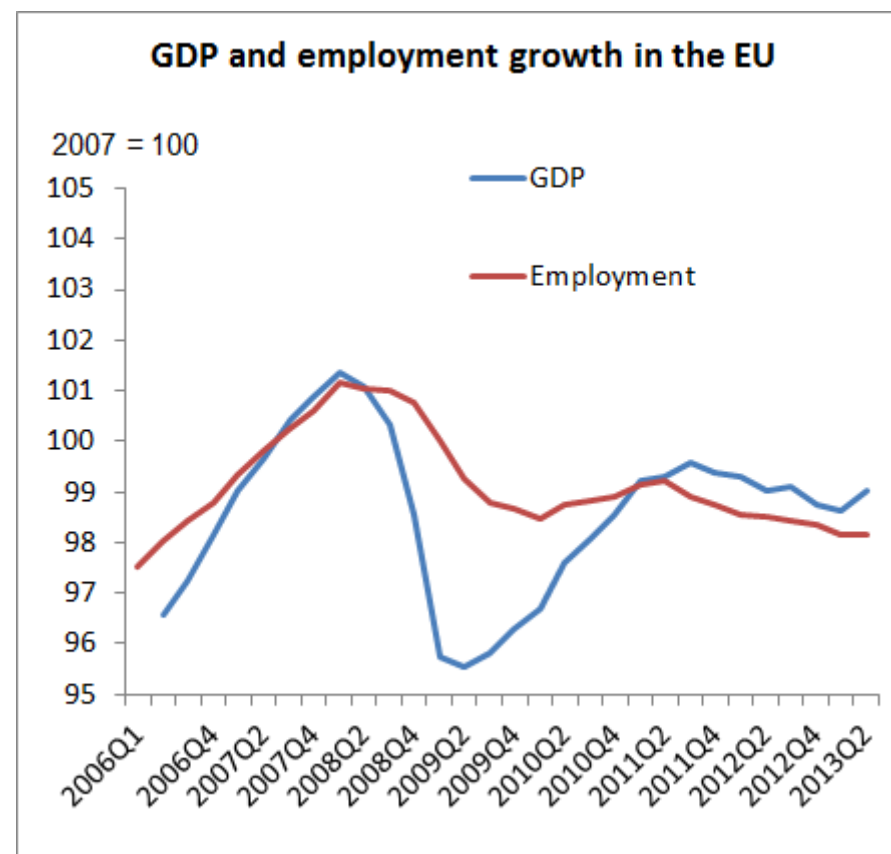
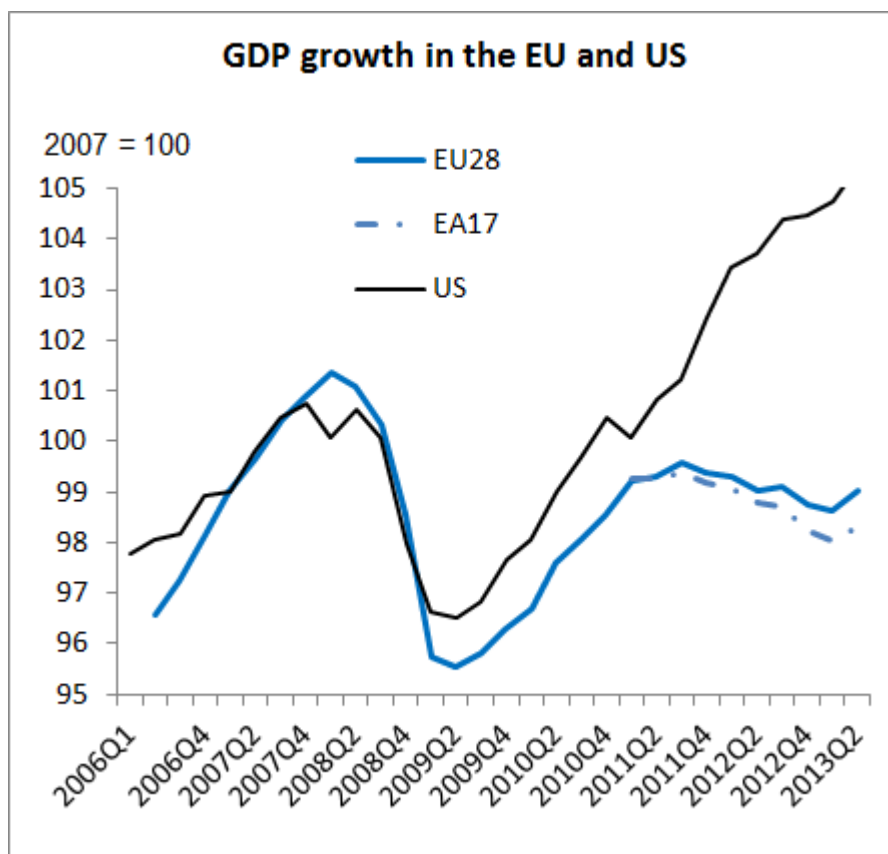
Key facts and figures

EESC and OECD

Brussels, 4th December 2013

Robert Strauss

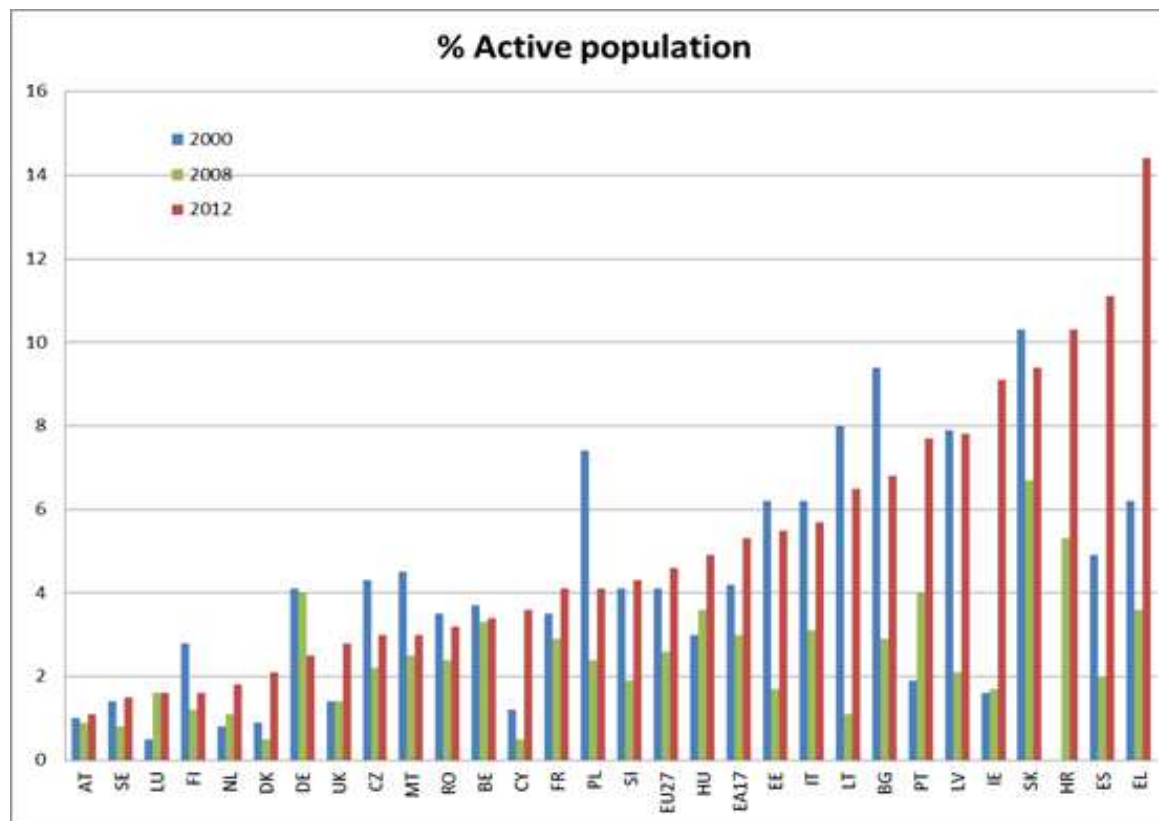
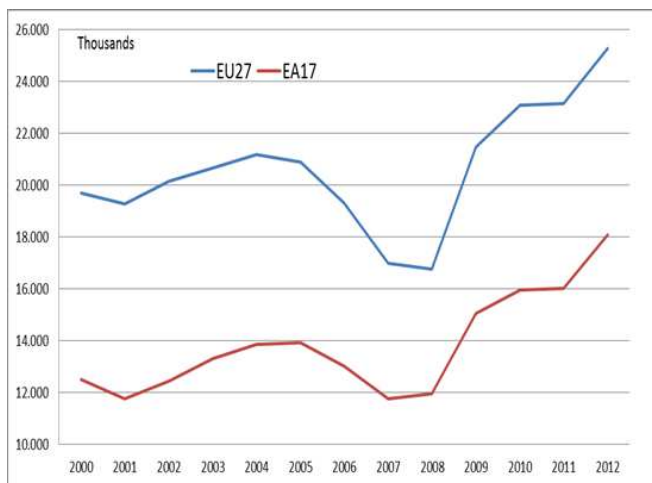
1. Signs of bottoming out after nearly two years of second dip recession in the EU



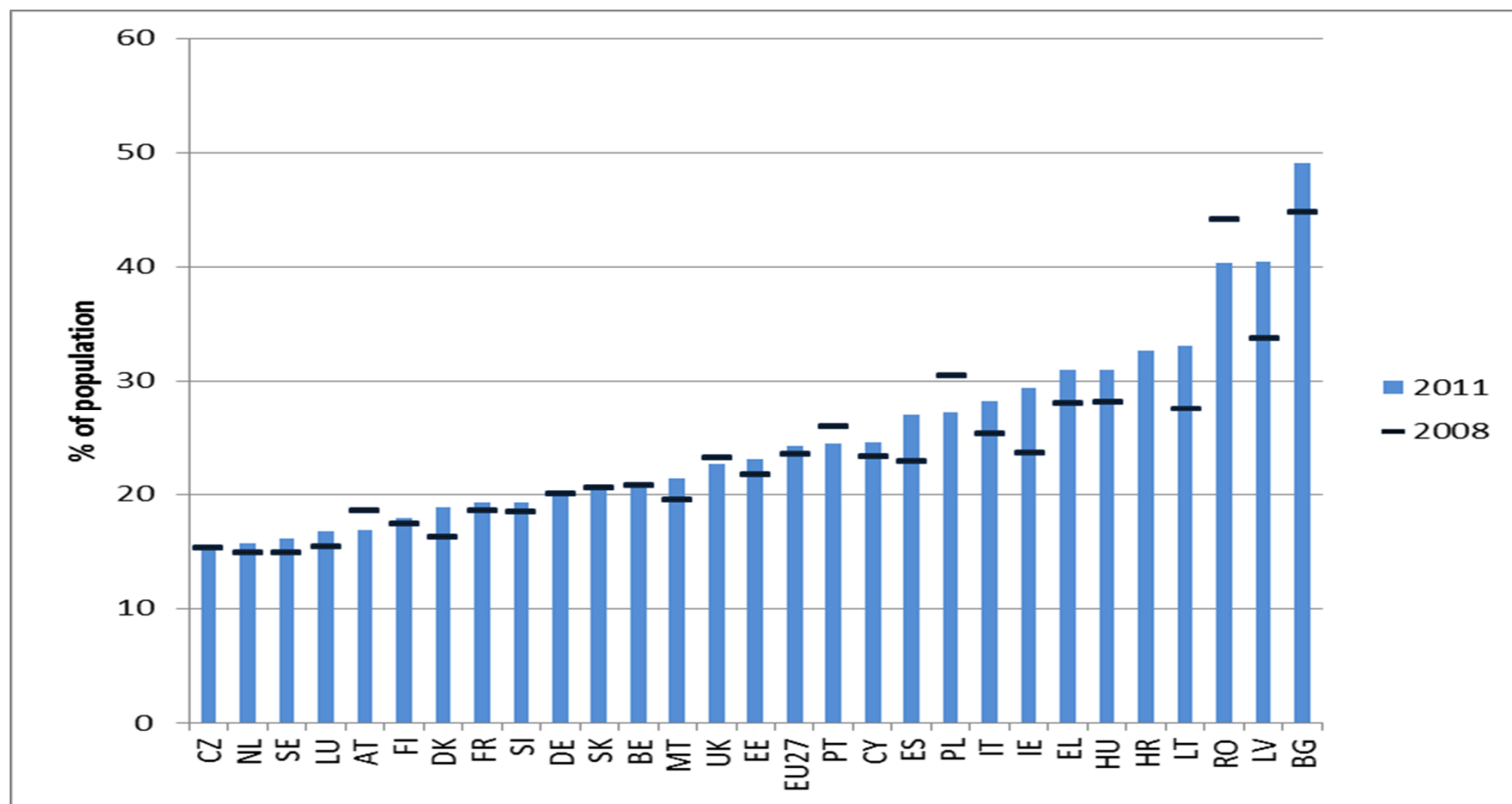


European
Commission

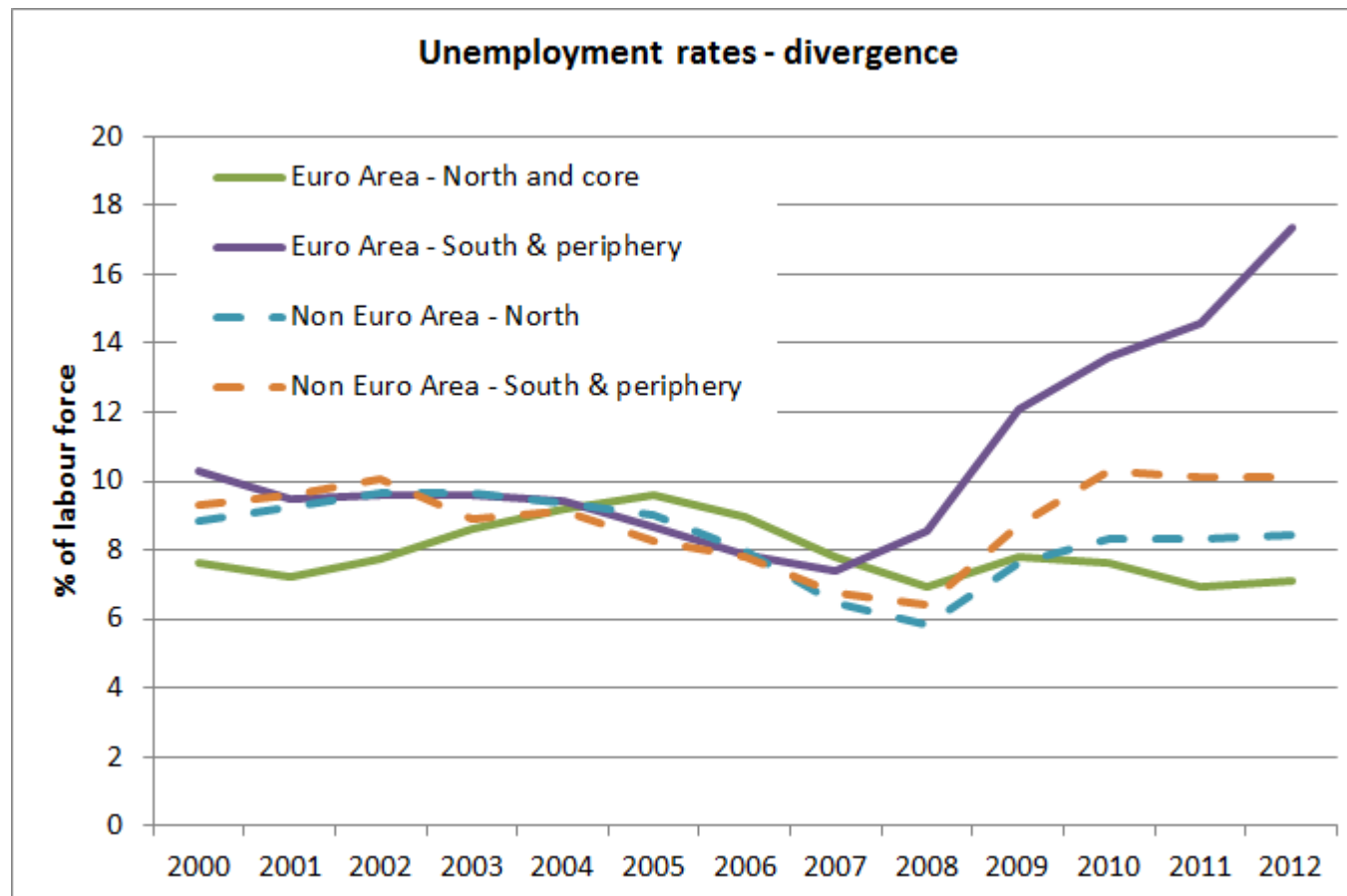
2. Long-term unemployment reached all-time high



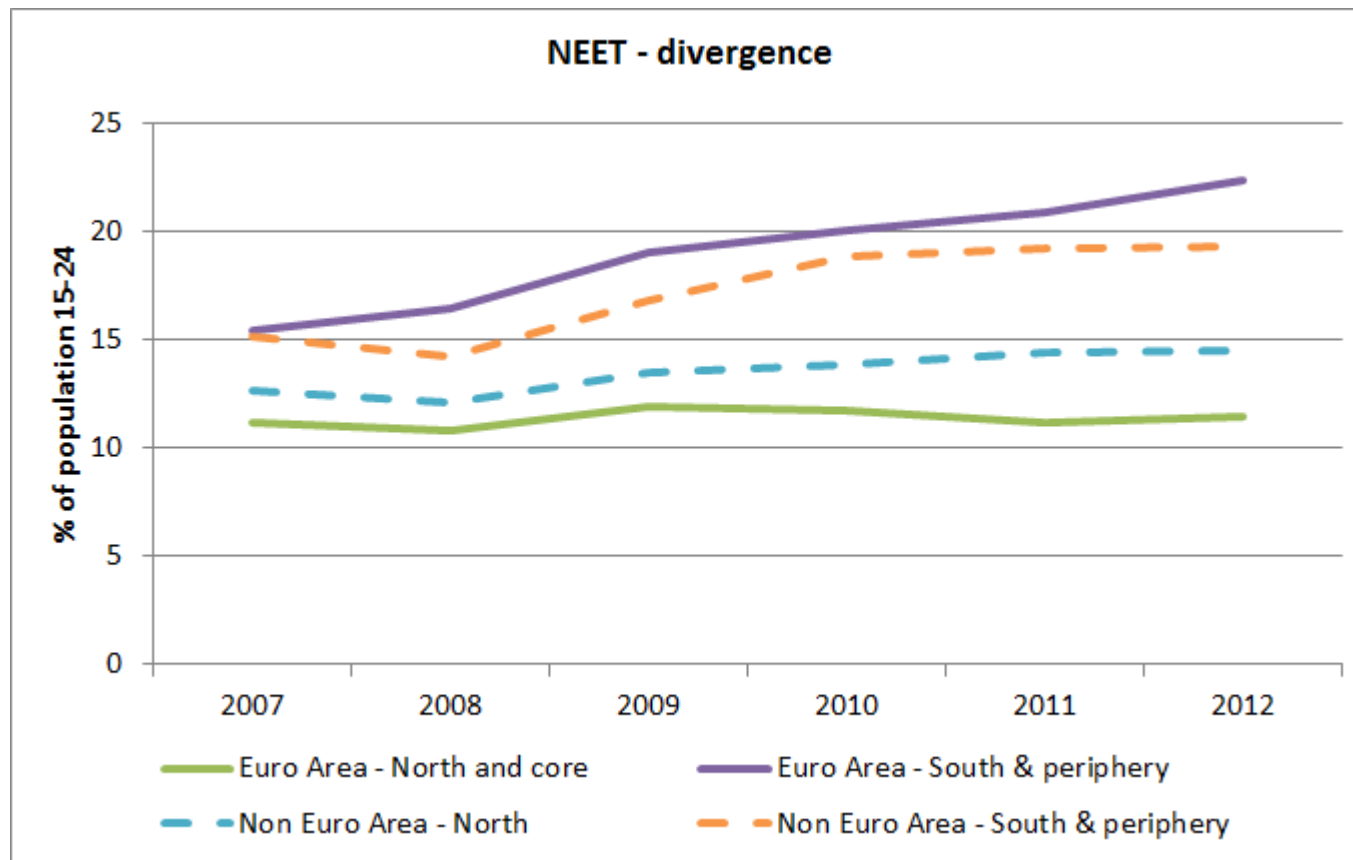
3. The risk of poverty and social exclusion increased in most countries



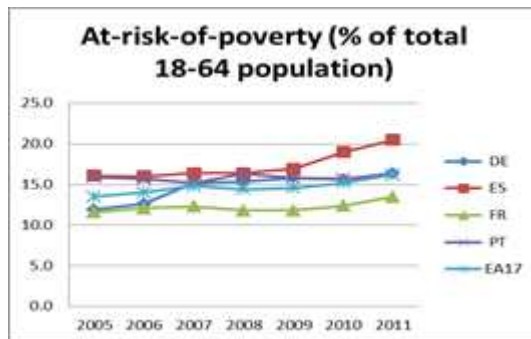
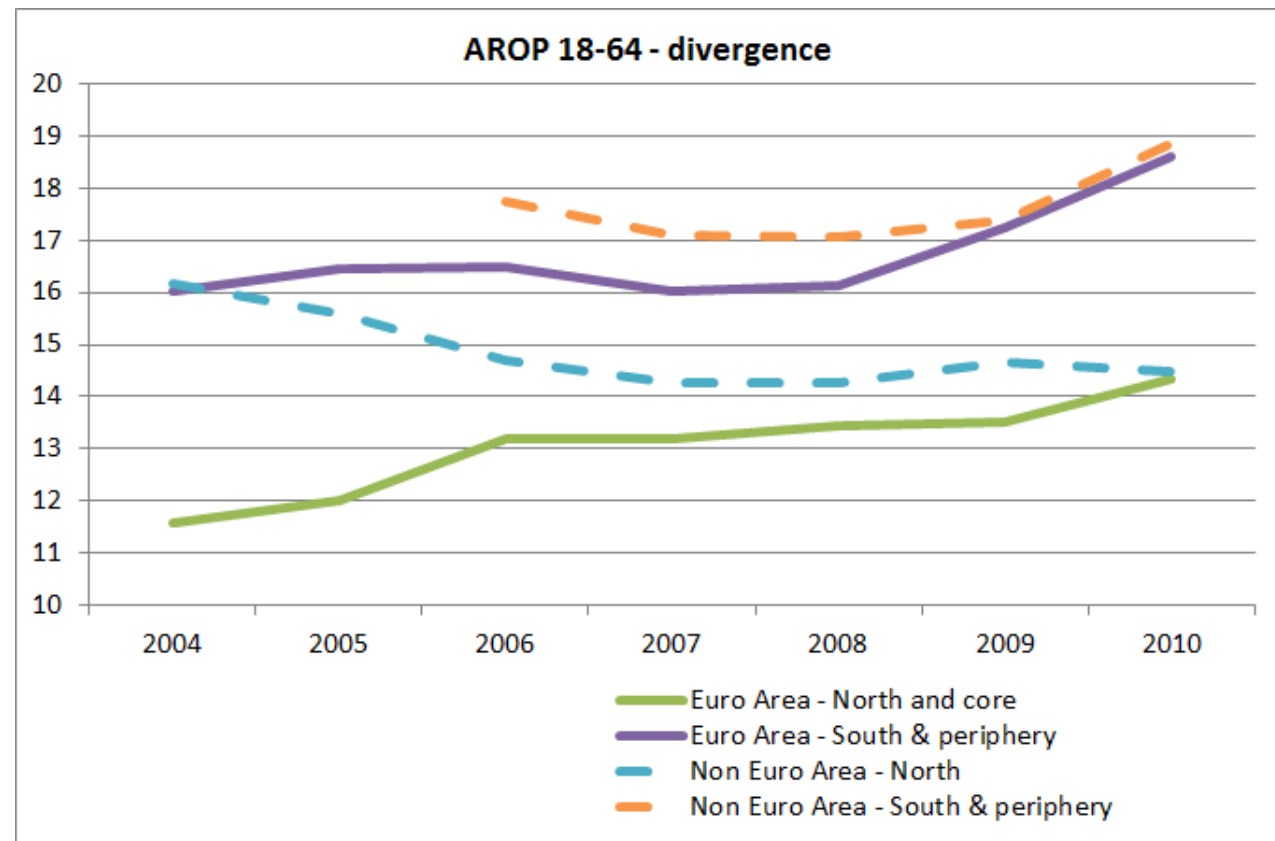
4. Divergence has been growing, especially within Euro Area: unemployment



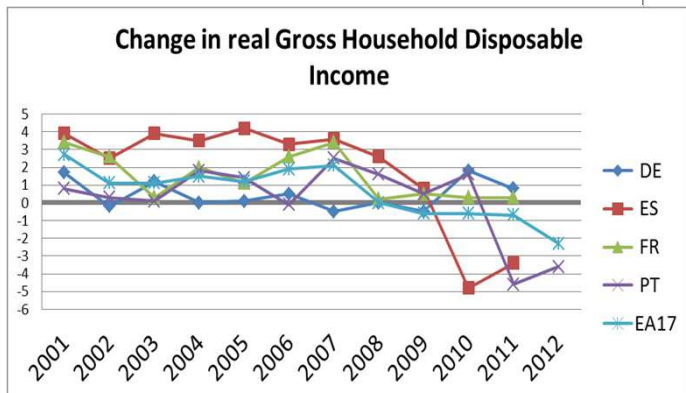
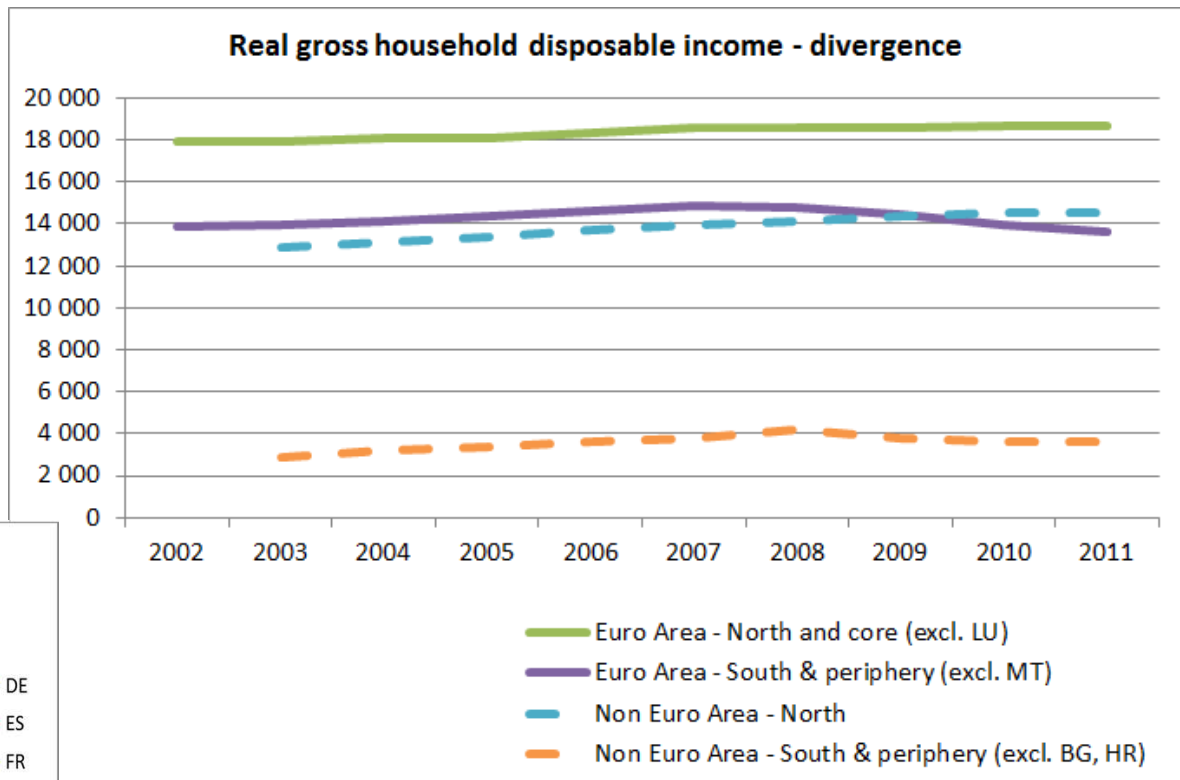
5. Divergence has been growing, especially within Euro Area: NEET



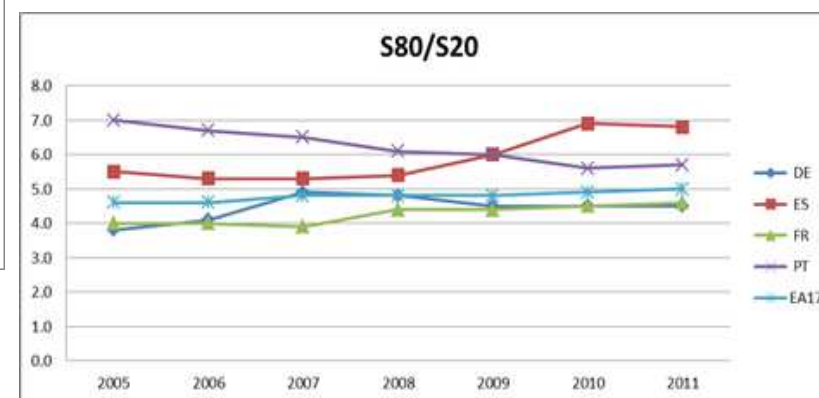
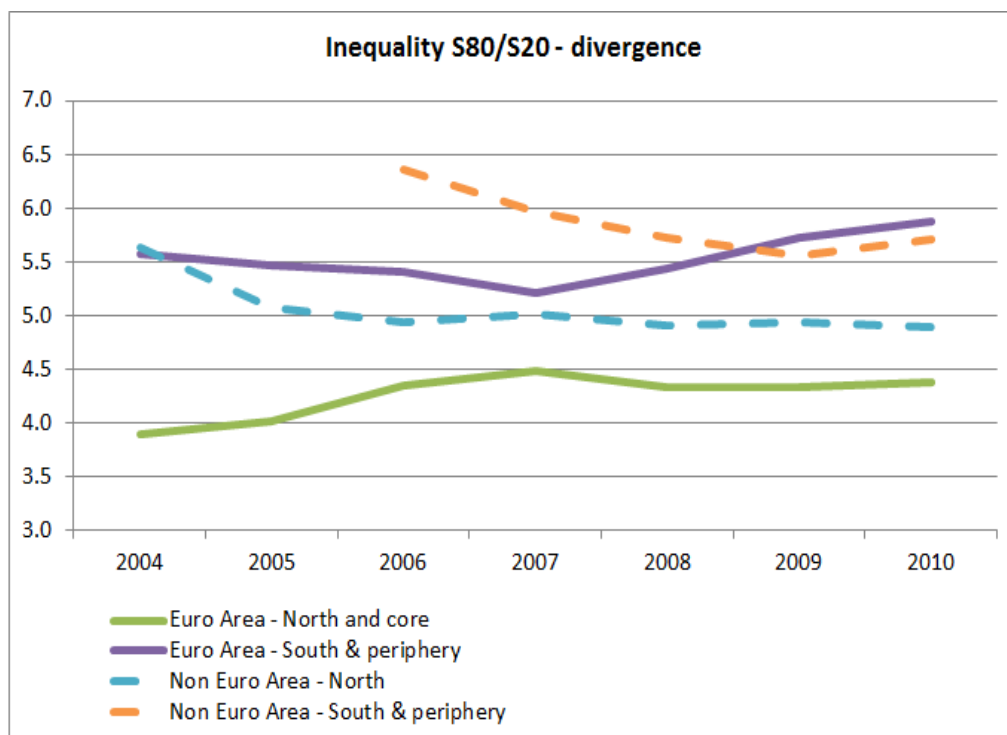
6. Divergence has been growing, especially within Euro Area: AROP in working age



7. Divergence has been growing, especially within Euro Area: GDHI



8. Divergence has been growing, especially within Euro Area: inequality (S80/S20)





Thank you !

EU Employment and Social Situation Quarterly Review – September 2013 :

<http://ec.europa.eu/social/main.jsp?langId=en&catId=89&newsId=1974&furtherNews=yes>