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The Joint Research Centre (JRC) Supporting EU Enlargement: Focus on Turkey

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http://www.jrc.ec.europa.eu

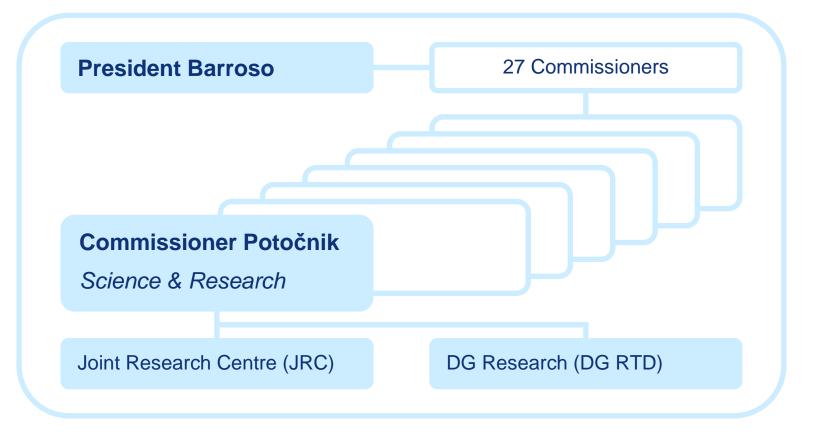


Where does the JRC fit in the European Commission'

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Main EU Research Instrument

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- 7th Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development (2007-2013)
- Total Budget approx. 54 b€ over 7 years
- Indirect Research Actions: implemented thorugh grants and other subsidies (DG RTD)
- Direct Research Actions: Implemented by the EC
 (Joint Research Centre) Total Budget approx. 2.3 b€



Turkey and the Framework Programme

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- Turkey fully associated to FP7, thus allowing same rights and obligation of the MS
- Turkey also provides a financial contribution to FP7 of about 450 M€ (over 7 years), under favorable conditions (rebate from 80% to 50%)
- Action Plan to increase Turkish participation in FP7 (unsatisfactory results experienced in FP6, 2002-2006)
- EU-Turkey accession negotiations for science and research (Chapter 25) already closed



Turkey Participation in FP7 Indirect Actions

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- Succefull first two years of FP7
- TK much more active than in the past in promoting FP7
 - TK has taken several effective research capacity measures at national level, planned support projects under IPA and is organising at regular intervals FP7 Info days, which often gather more than 500 persons
- In First FP7 calls (cooperation), most successful areas were ICT, nanomaterials, transport, food and biotech and security
- Sucess rate should be improved (~12% over ~19% EU average)
- Participation of TK in EURATOM R&D (nuclear) in the pipeline (requires Council Decision)



Direct Research Mission of the Joint Research Centre

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... to provide customer-driven scientific and technical support for the conception, development,

implementation and monitoring of

EU policies.

As a service of the European Commission, the JRC functions as a reference centre of science and technology for the Union.



Close to the policy-making process, it serves the common interest of the Member States, while being independent of special interests, whether private or national.



Structure: 7 Institutes in 5 Member States

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IRMM - Geel, Belgium

Institute for Reference Materials and Measurements

ITU - Karlsruhe, Germany
Institute for Transuranium Elements

IE - Petten, The Netherlands and Ispra, Italy Institute for Energy

IPSC - Ispra, Italy

Institute for the Protection and Security of the Citizen

IES - Ispra, Italy

Institute for Environment and Sustainability

IHCP - Ispra, Italy

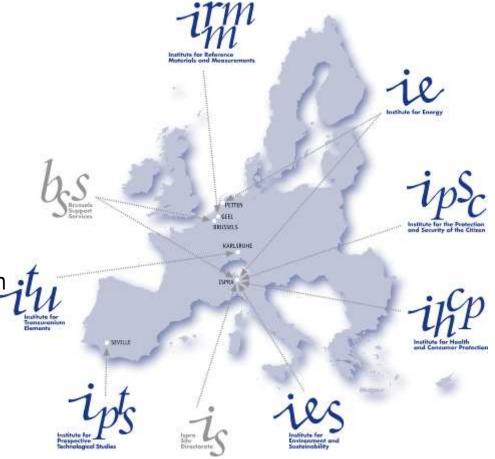
Institute for Health and Consumer Protection

IPTS - Seville, Spain

Institute for Prospective Technological Studies

~ 2650 staff + 250 competitive

~ 330 M€/y budget (+ ~ 40 M€/y competitive income)



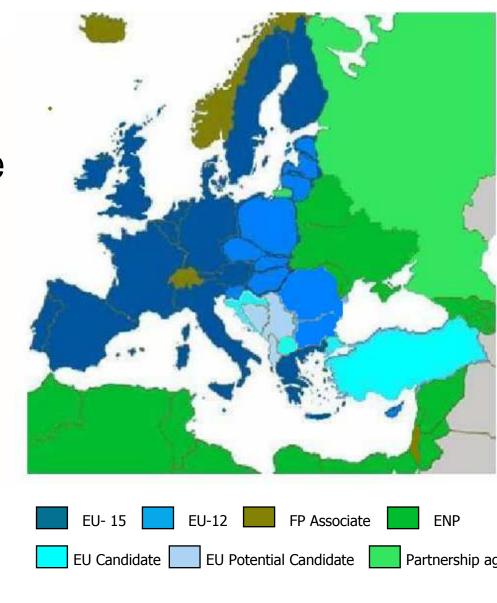


JRC support to EU Enlargement policy

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Strategic Objectives:

- To help the New Member States,
 Candidate and Potential Candidate
 Countries in dealing faster with the
 "EU acquis" in areas of JRC
 competence
- To contribute to the development of the "European Research Area"





Working with Candidate Countries

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Through 4 intertwined instruments:

- 1. Projects and Networks
- 2. Job opportunities (hosting experts; exchange of staff)
- 3. Advanced training courses and workshops
- 4. Information and awareness action





Facts on JRC – Turkey Collaboration

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- + 300 Turkish experts participated in JRC workshops in 2008
- 5 high-level visits of some 70 Turkish top experts from R&D
- 13 JRC projects and networks involving Turkish organisations (8 since Oct 2006)
- 12 Turkish researchers currently working at the JRC Institutes
 - + 2 more are expected to join shortly
- 24 new profiles for Turkish PhD and post-docs published on 14th
 January 2009 by the JRC and TÜBİTAK



Examples of existing collaboration

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- Turkish Atomic Energy Authority radioactivity environmental monitoring
- TÜBITAK supporting the bi-regional dialogue and setting research priorities for FP7 in Western Balkans
- Food Institute, Marmara Research Centre –
 monitoring hazards in the food supply chain, GMO
- Middle East Technical University ocean and marine data management
- University of Istanbul major accident hazards monitoring, seismic engineering
- Bogazici University assessing and modelling sea ecosystem changes



Conclusions

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 Turkey is an important member of the European Research Area (great human potential, high quality universities, good research infrastructure, large indutries)

- Participation of Turkey in FP7 indirect actions is on a growing path
- JRC is assisting Turkey in acquiring knowledge of the S&T bases of EU acquis
- Good track record of JRC-Turkey collaboration activities with clear progress in recent years
- JRC-Tübitak scheme for young Turkish researchers to be trained at JRC Institutes promising tool



