

The potential for collaborative consumption





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HOW ARE WE DOING TODAY?



Privately owned cars spend 95% of the time parked!







UNUSED VALUE WASTE







CHICFY







COLLABORATIVE

A BUSINESS MODEL
BASED ON SHARED
VALUE
+ ROCKET - CHARGED
BY SOCIAL MEDIA



yerdle







FAB CITY SYMPOSIUM

- Advanced research on Digital Fabrication
- · The role of industry and corporations in this moment of change
- · The potential social impact of new technologies
- . The governance of innovation and technology in future cities

Xavier Trias, Mayor of the City of Barcelona will lead the closing ceremony with other mayors from major cities of the world in participation.

Details about speakers and participants will be updated frequently on the FAB10Barcelona website and via our social media channels.



Massimo Banzi Co-Founder of Arduino



Ellen MacArthur Ellen MacArthur Foundation



Vicente Guallart Chief Architect of the City of Barcelona



Vincent Loubière Innovation Manager at Airbus



Alastair Parvin
Co-founder
WikiHouse.
Architectural &
strategic designer
with 00 London.



Neil Gershenfeld Director of MIT's Center for Bits and Atoms







Change is good. Change and scale is better

6 keys to (correctly) scale collaborative consumption

- Impact studies including new metrics (social, environmental)

7 E Non-users Off-line Platform Sharing platforms & Businesses Hosts & Local National users users prosumers government government communities My things are (6) I use it mostly 6 For the moment Maybe these (6) In real life it's (6) It's not really to I want to build mine. It's a pleasearn money. It's to a successful comeasier. I trust to meet new 'real' platform users and can be used to ure to buy them. people more than peopl.e save money. pany. If I can make our clients are promote social computers. the world a better different type of cohesion, or to (6) It saves me Maybe there integrate welfare. place, great. people, we are not some hassles and I are other ways to competing. be regulated. Rules @ One thing is if it save some money. 6 To get true innoshould be for is capital-driven. vation, we need to reaching a specific Another if it's



driven by ideals.





objective, not just

for compliance to a

checklist.

Regulatory ga

experiment.

Today's rules are

inadequate.

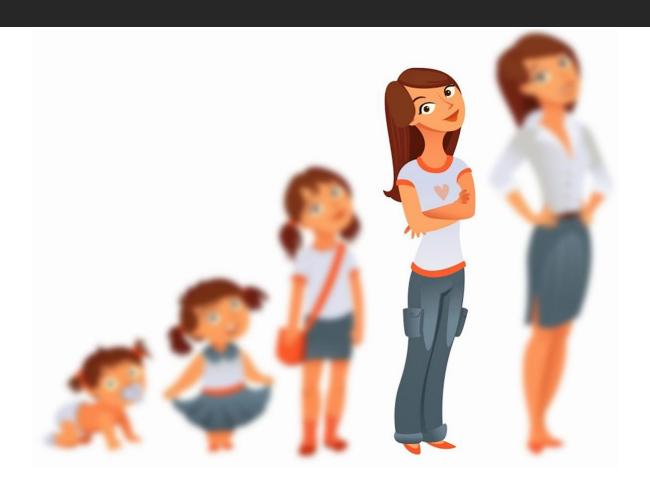
#2 - Develop policy recommendations to meet national targets



The EU's 2030 goals for climate and energy

How can collaborative economy help to meet national targets on waste reduction, resource efficiency, sustainability and climate change?

#3 - Time (+patience)



Collaborative economy is going throught puberty



#4 - Constructive dialogue

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Neelie KROES

Vice-President of the European Commission

European Commission > Neelie KROES > Blogs > Neelie KROES's blog

My view on today's taxi protests and what it means for the sharing economy





Published by Neelie KROES on Wednesday, 11/06/2014

Let me respond to the news of widespread strikes and numerous attempts to limit or ban taxi app services across Europe. The debate about taxi apps is really a debate about the wider sharing economy.

Let me respond to the news of widespread strikes and numerous attempts to limit or ban taxi app services across Europe.

Many people know how outraged I was by the reaction of authorities and drivers to the emergence of services like 'Uber' in Brussels, Berlin, Milan, Madrid and more cities across Europe. (there are plenty of European competitors and complements by the way, like: DJump, Taxipal, Taxify, Hailo, BlaBla and more). But it becoming clear that there's a wider significance of this debate.



#5 - Regulation for prosumers



Collaborative economy = creator citizen able to unlock invisible wealth on our cities



#6 - Critical thinking

At one point, without a trace of irony, a Peers employee quoted Audre Lorde:

The master's tools won't dismantle the master's house, right?



Is it time for a "Peers Corp."?



OUISHARE

Thank you!



Challenges to Overcome

- Scaling up from the young, urban and IT savvy to a viable alternative for everyone and everywhere
- Changing consumers' habits and cultural barriers e.g. in new EU Member
 States with rising middle class
- Finding a level playing field with incumbents and traditional industries e.g. hotels, transportation etc
- Friction with trade unions and consumers organisations on workers and consumers rights & safety
- Liabilities and the need for targeted insurance products for sharing assets
- Fragmented start-up scene with uncertainty about funding after initial
 VC
- Centralisation and potential formation of monopolies (e.g. airbnb, uber)
 with loss of diversity and healthy competition

Challenges to Overcome (Continued)

- EU Competition legislation inhibits certain collaboration between companies (within product chains can be seen as a cartel)
- Guidelines needed for public procurers in support of sharing economy enterprises
- Unintended macroeconomic effects: surging prices in real estates, taxes, over-regulation
- Political backing: socialistic values vs. free market capitalism
- Lack of standardized reputation systems
- Black market limitation
- Concerns over privacy and public safety for vulnerable consumer groups
- Standards on quality control and harmonisation of online terms of use
- Lock out effect (exclusivity of peer to peer communities)
- Technological novelty to meet social needs
- Mainstreaming "beyond GDP" principles



Challenges to Overcome (Continued)

- Application of traditional industry standards in regulations
- Drawing the line between peer-to-peer sharing and conventional commercial activities
- EU legislation on product planned obsolescence still to be mainstreamed
- Disintermediation of services (when users bypass the platforms after first interaction)
- Donation system instead of actual fees, often used to circumvent legislation
- Raising taxed revenues for city councils from sharing economy providers
- Ensure economically disadvantaged citizens and neighbourhoods can benefit from sharing economy, not only convenience-seeking affluents with high disposable income
- Sharing transactions mostly happening among people with the same social/economic status



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