# Scientific Outlook on Development and Sustainable Development in China

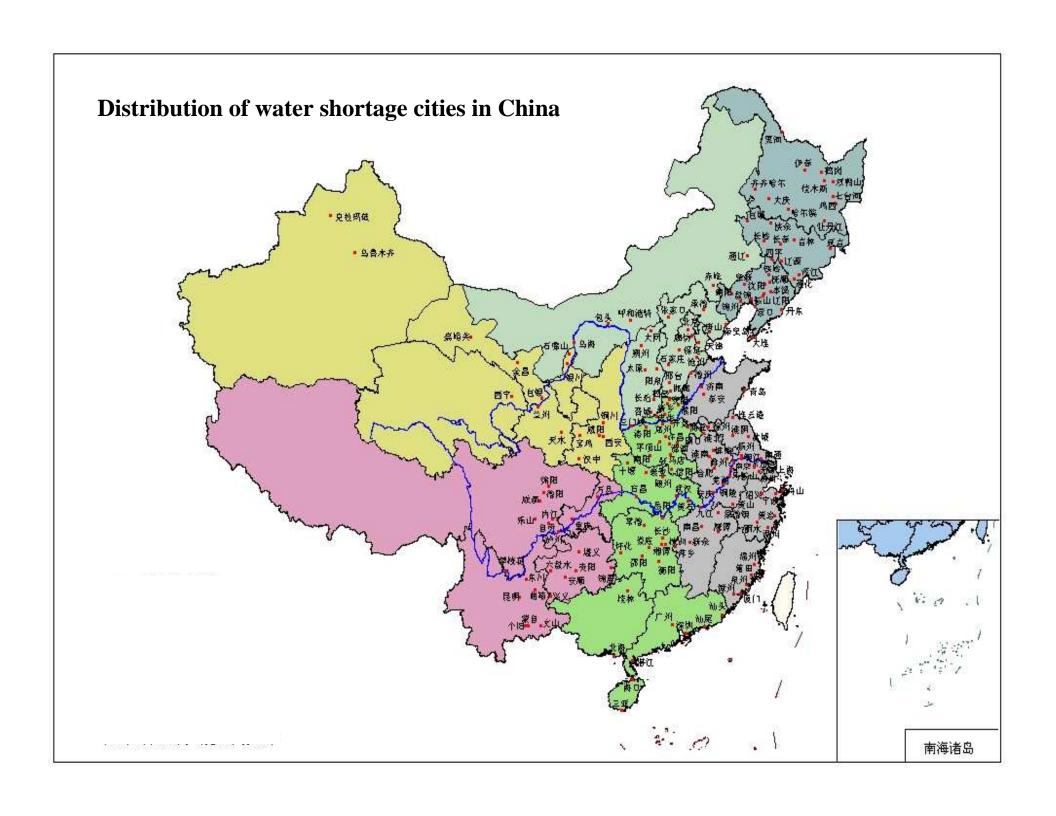
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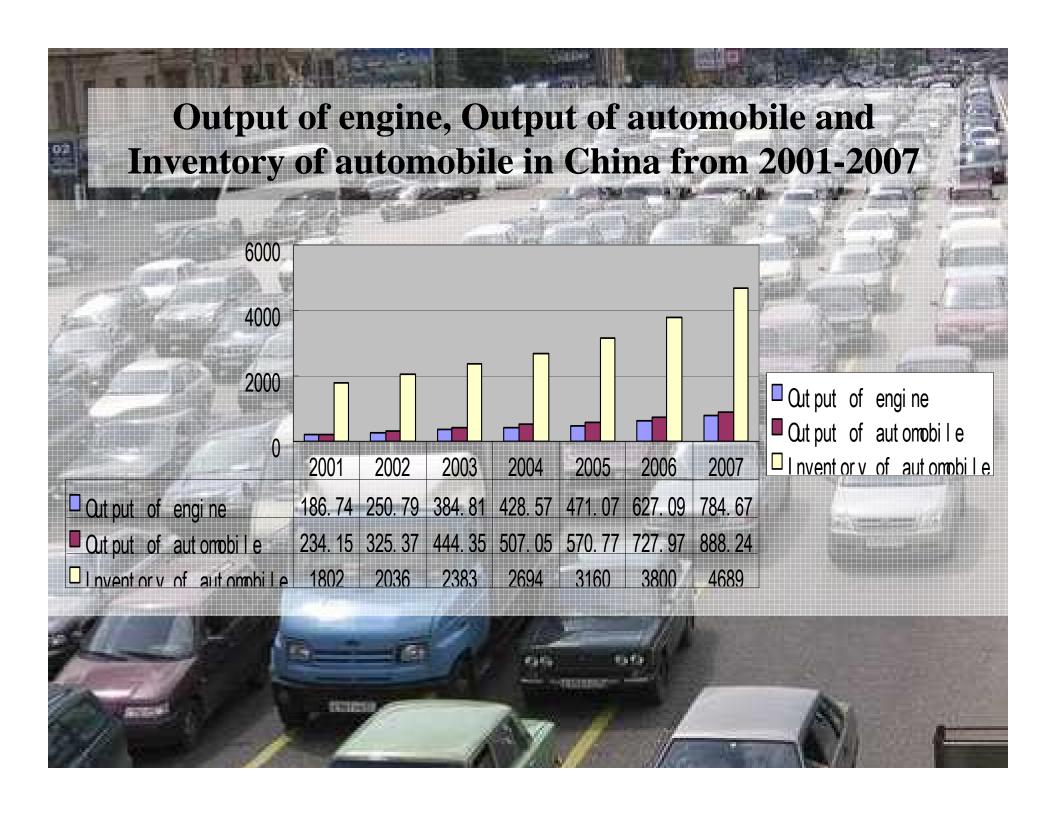
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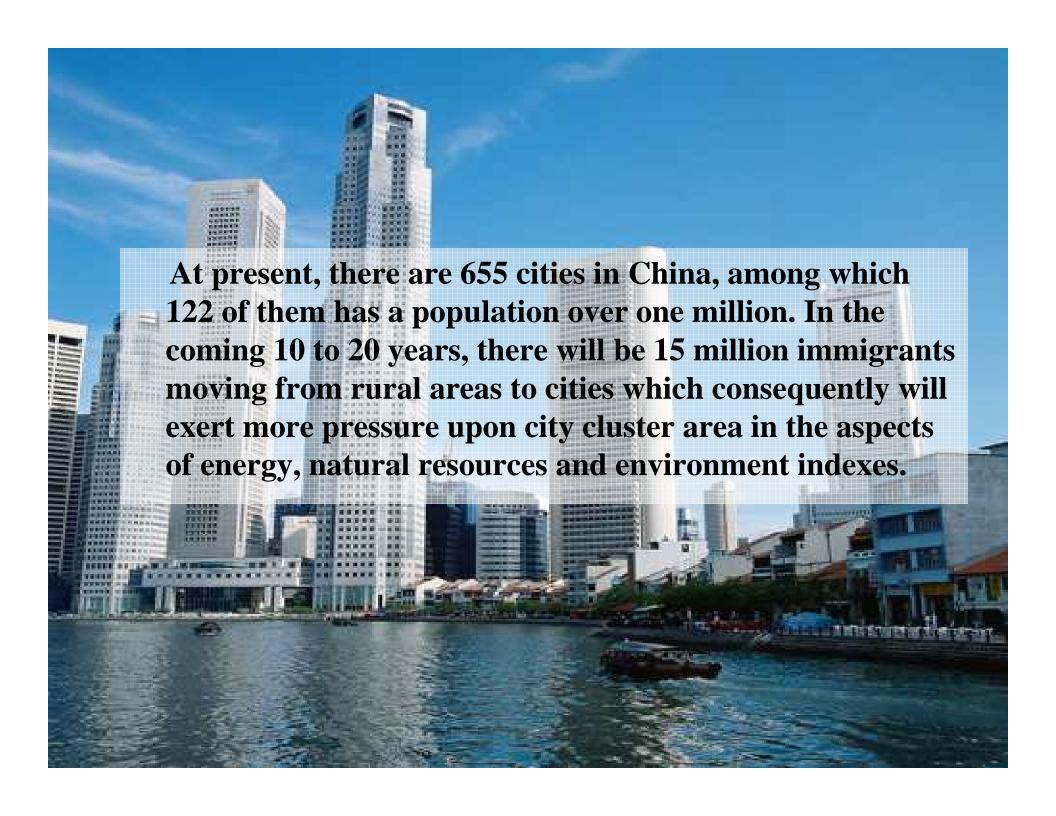
### 1. sustainable development is the basis national policy of China.

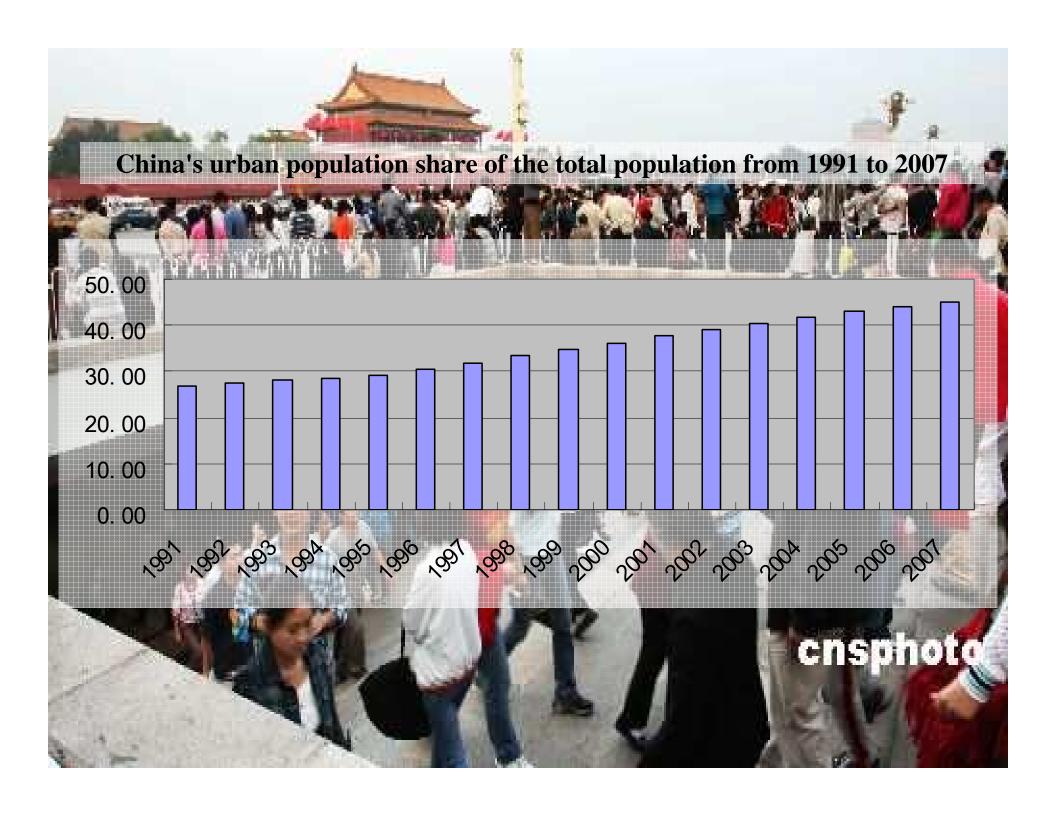
China boasts the biggest developing country and enjoys high economic growth rate in the world. Coupled with industrialization, urbanization and modernization, China is encountered with great pressure in environment and natural resources











Early in the year 1994, the central government of China enshrined the goal for the sustainable development of cities in "The 21st Century Agenda of China" which reads to develop cities characterized with proper planning and layout, full-fledged supporting facilities, convenient to work and life, noise-free, clean and habitability.

In 1996, China has officially incorporated sustainable development into its national development strategy.

In 2003, the concept of Scientific Outlook on Development was raised.

On this September, Chinese president Hu Jintao reiterated, on the occasions of UN Series Summits and G20 summit, that China will continue to attach great importance to and actively promote the concept of Scientific Outlook on Development which upholds putting people first and overall coordination, and to build energy-saving and environment-friendly society and innovation-oriented country.

### China's Sustainable Development Strategy.

Guided by scientific outlook on development, directed by balanced growth between urban and rural areas, with coordinated development between different sized cities and small towns as center principle, systematology features in exploring the essence and the evolutionary rule of sustainable development. Moreover, based upon the logic self consistency among development degree, coordination degree and sustainability degree, it deducts the space time coupling of sustainable development orderly and the correlative and interactive relationship among the above-mentioned three parts. It also establishes a unified explanatory basis and quantitative evaluation rule for relationship between man and nature, people and people.



#### The goal of sustainable development

By 2020, Energy and natural resource consumption of the per capita GDP will be reduced obviously comparing with 2005.

By 2020, The non-petrochemical energy accounts for 15% of the primary energy consumption.

By 2020, The forest area will increase by 40 million hectares comparing with 2005 and forest stock volume will increase by 1.3 billion cubic meters.

A well established system comprising green economy, low-carbon economy and circular economy will be formed. Weather-friendly technology will be applied widely and the accumulated efficiency of social wealth will be greatly enhanced.





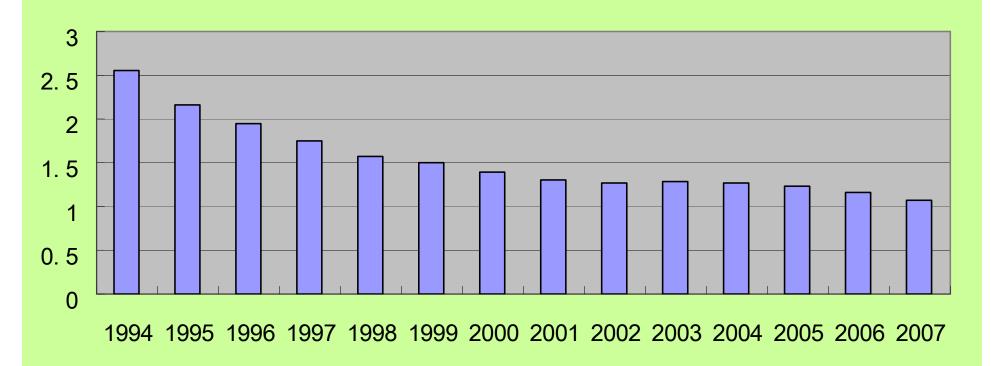


#### 2. China's achievement in sustainable development

In the aspect of energy emission reduction.

Since the Eleventh-Five year plan, the emission of sulfur dioxide and chemical oxygen demand lower by 8.95% and 6.61% respectively. In the first half of 2009, several binding indexes like energy consumption for every ten thousand yuan worth of GDP, sulfur dioxide and chemical oxygen demand have lowered respectively by 3.35%, 5.4% and 2.46%. And we have saved a grand total of 290 million tons of standard coal and a reduced emission of 660 million tons of carbon dioxide.

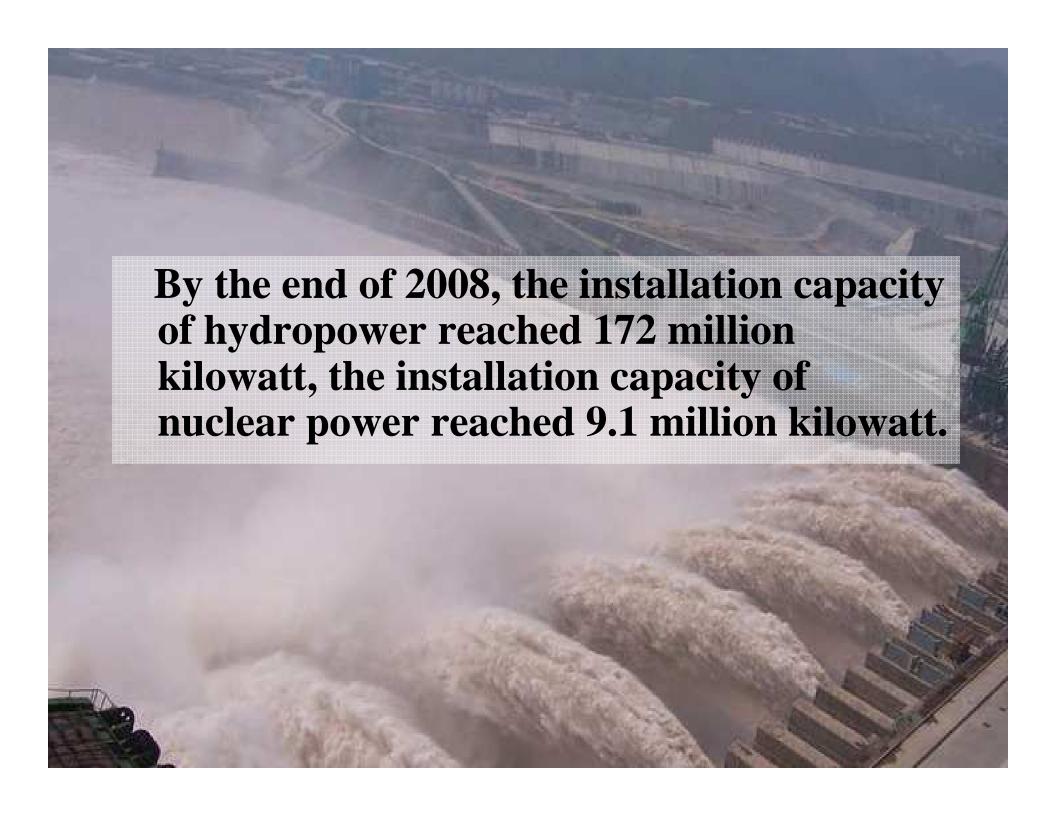
#### The ten-thousand GDP energy consumption in China from 1994 to 2007



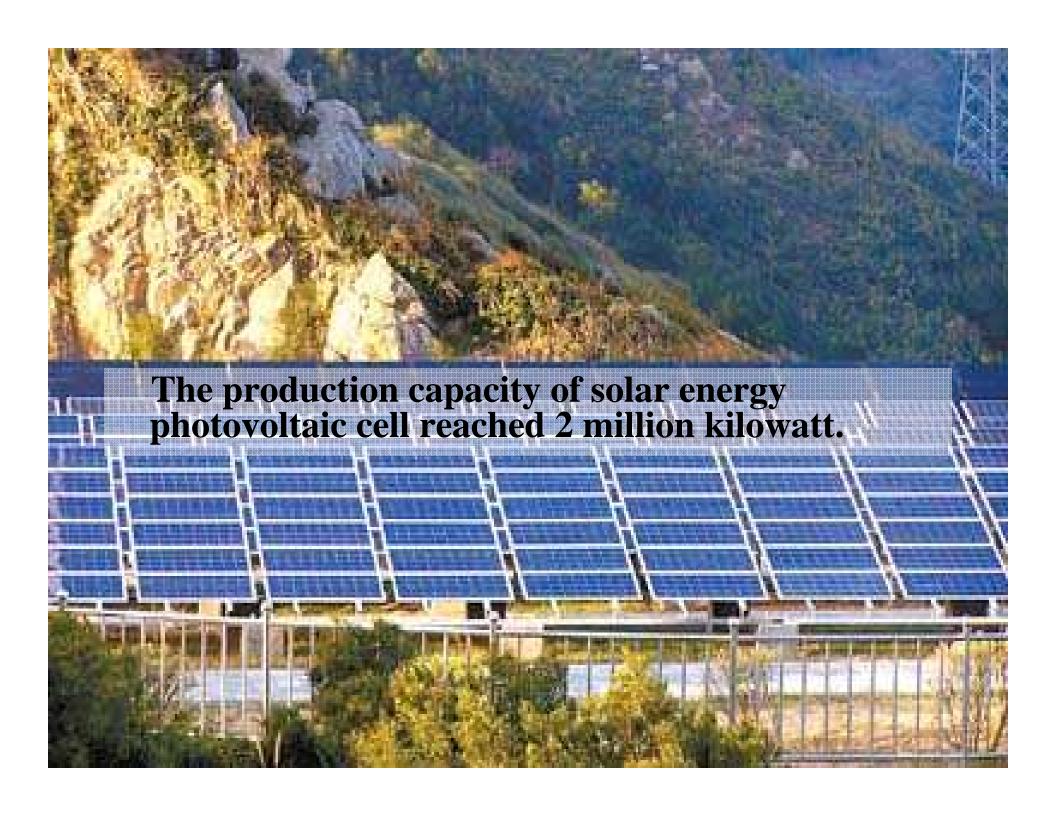
### In the aspect of utilizing new energy and recyclable energy.

The recyclable energy takes up 9% of the primary energy.

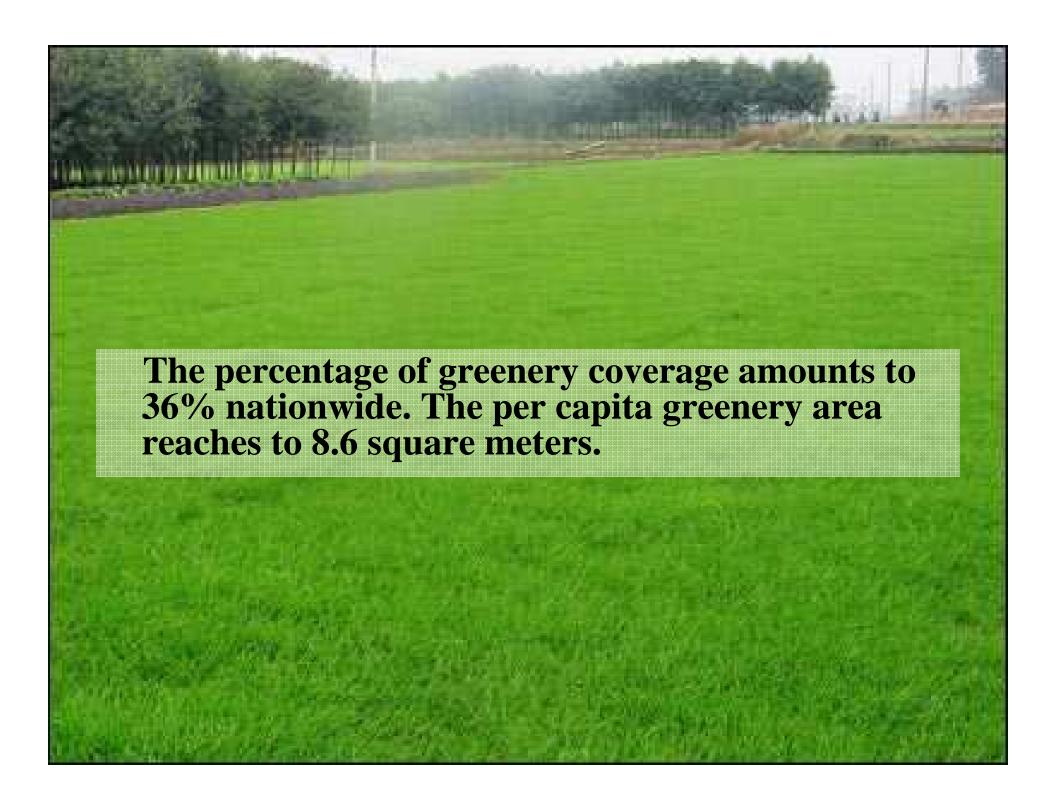












### In the aspect of circular economy development

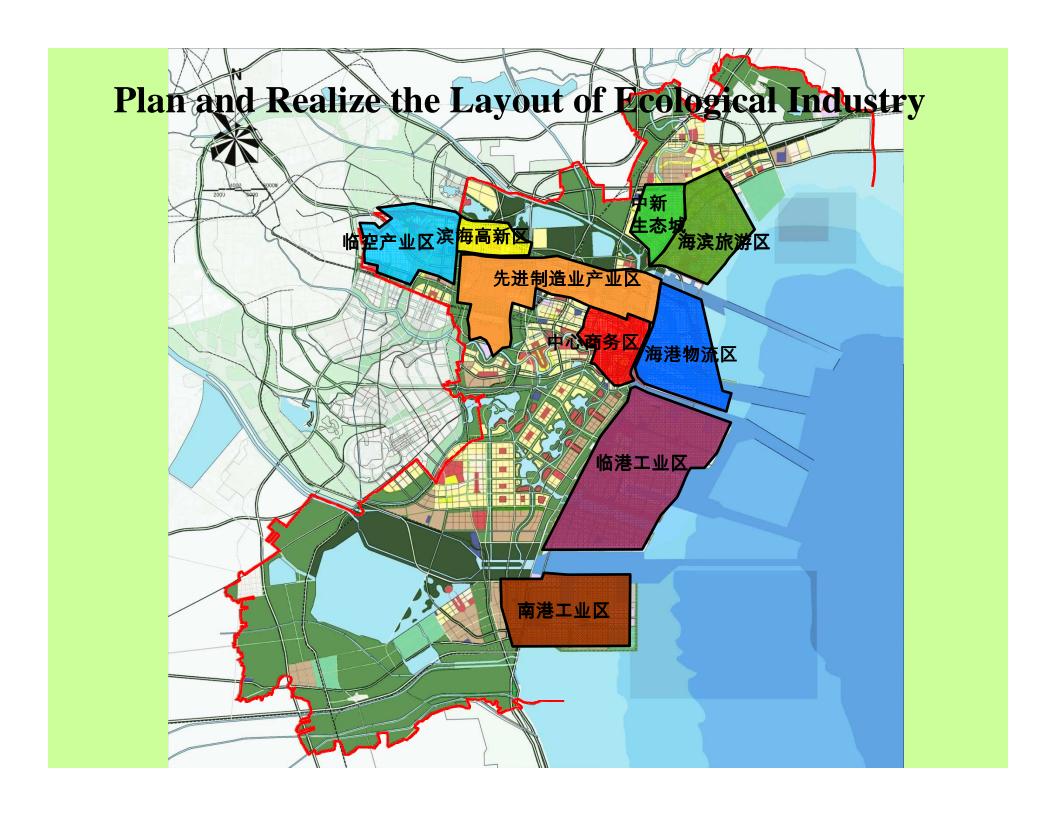
Currently, there are 30 national level ecological industrial model park and 178 pilot enterprises are listed for circular economy. Near 4000 enterprises have passed the examination of clean production.

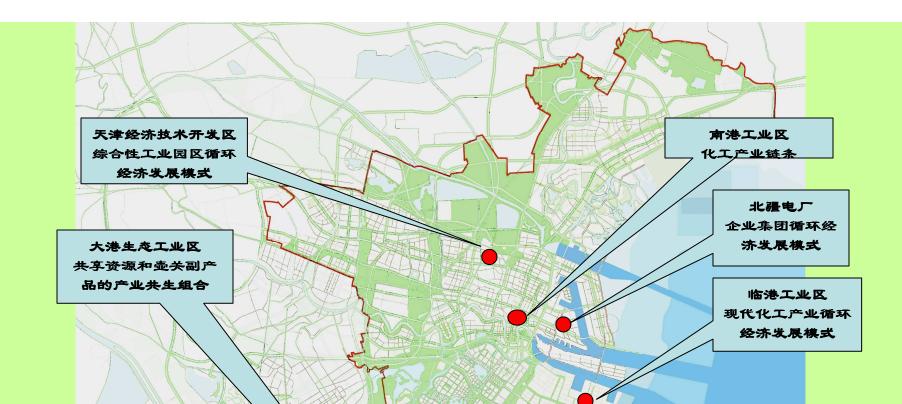


### 3. TBNA is the Pilot Area for China's Sustainable Development

Tianjin Binhai New Area (TBNA for short) is a new economic growth pole to power the engine of China's regional development in the new century, as well as the pioneer of implementation of scientific outlook on development.







The implementation of totally six national pilot projects of circular economy, such as TEDA and Beijiang Power Plants, and the summary of five kinds of development model of circular economy, such as TEDA and Ziya, help form up the industry chain of circular economy, such as petrochemical, metallurgy, automobile and sea water desalination. TBNA is working to build the whole nine functional zones to high standard eco-parks.

### Accelerate the Promotion of Industrial Innovation Capability

Has erected eight pillar industries, including aviation and aerospace, IT, automobile and equipment manufacturing, petroleum and marine chemical, modern metallurgy, biopharmaceuticals, new materials and new energy

Biodegradable plastic PLA(Polylactic acid)
ORIO does not pollute the environment
as it is made from environmentally friendly
biodegradable plastic PLA (Polylactic acid).

Flexible LCD touch screen









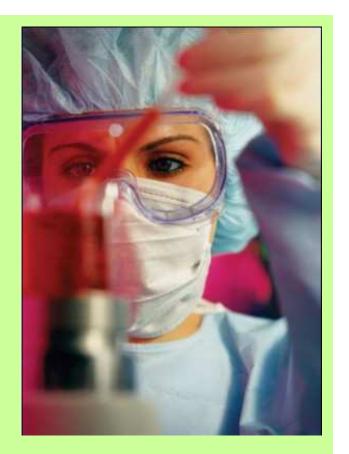






## TBNA is taking leaps forward on the road of new type industrialization and innovation driven by internal impetus.

state-level and provincial level engineering centers	50
various R&D centers	150
post-doctoral programs	52
the output value from high-tech industry accounted of the total industrial output	47%



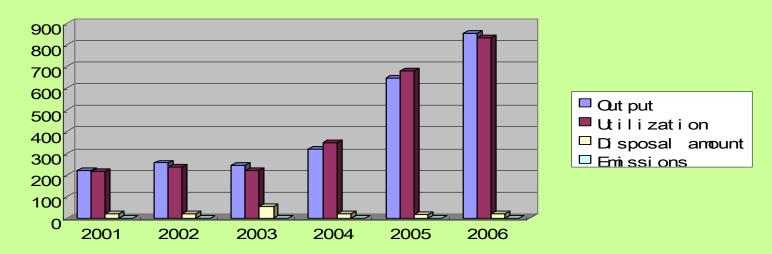




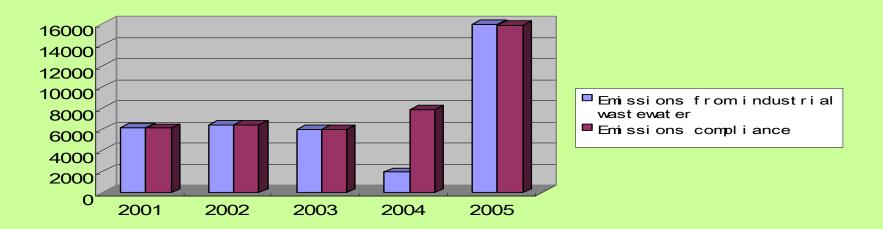
### **Attach Great Importance to Energy Saving and Emission Deduction**

•TBNA focuses on the implementation of water and air environmental remediation, solid noise and radiation pollution prevention and control, etc. totally six major categories and 85 key projects, with total investment of 14 billion RMB.

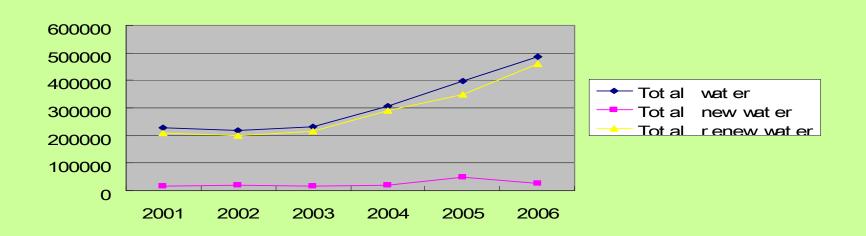
The output, utilization, disposal amount and emissions of industrial solid waste in TBNA



#### Emissions from industrial wastewater in TBNA from 2001-2005



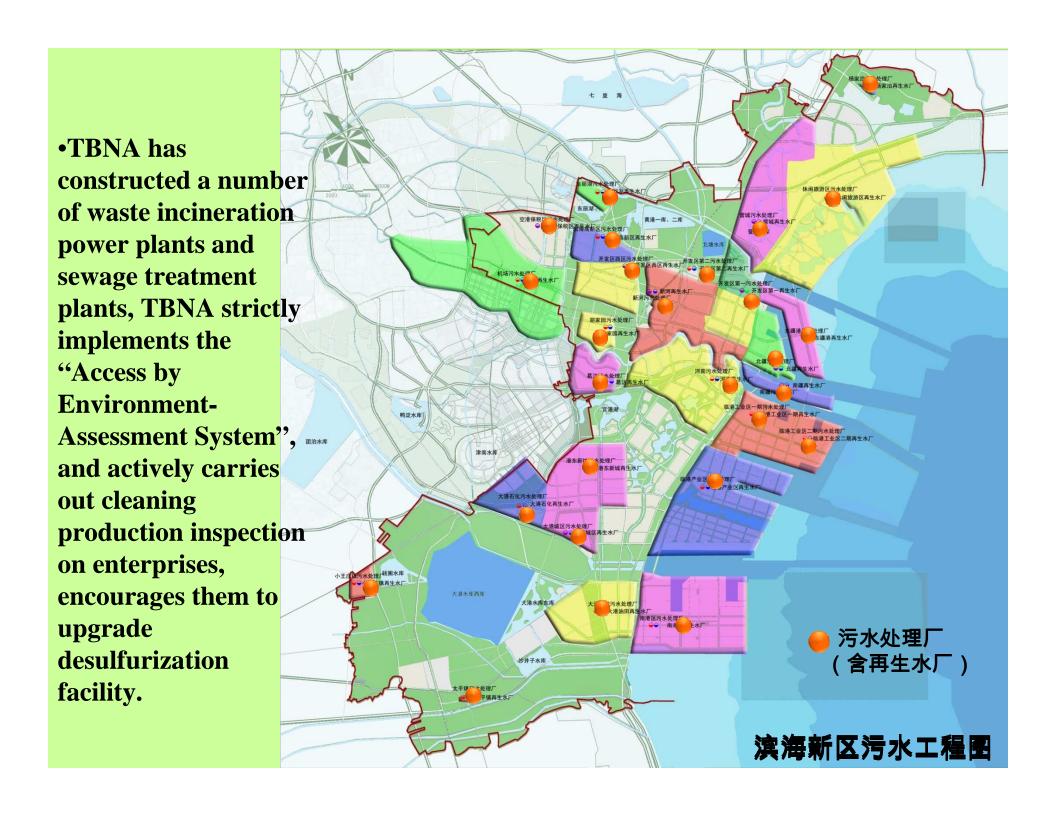
#### Industrial utilization of water in TBNA from 2001 to 2006



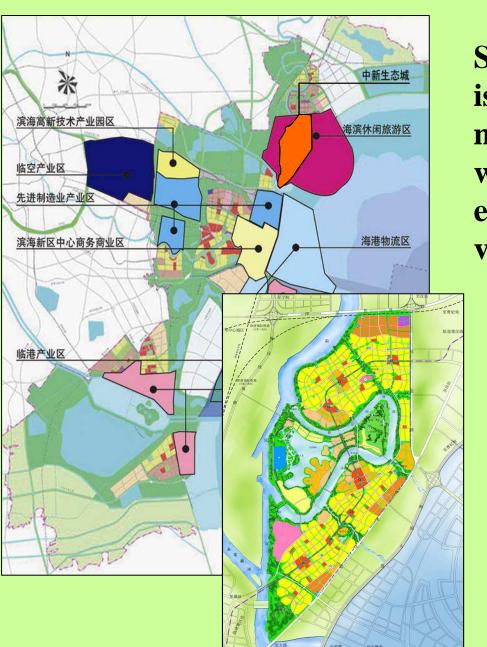
China's first Emissions Rights Exchange was established in TBNA, and finished the first transaction of 500,000 tons of sulfur dioxide emission. This has paved a way to control environmental pollution through market-based instruments and financing innovation.

The declining rate of energy consumption on every GDP of 10,000 RMB has always been at the front line accross the country. There are always over 320 days when the air quality over level two.





### Comprehensively promote the ecological construction.

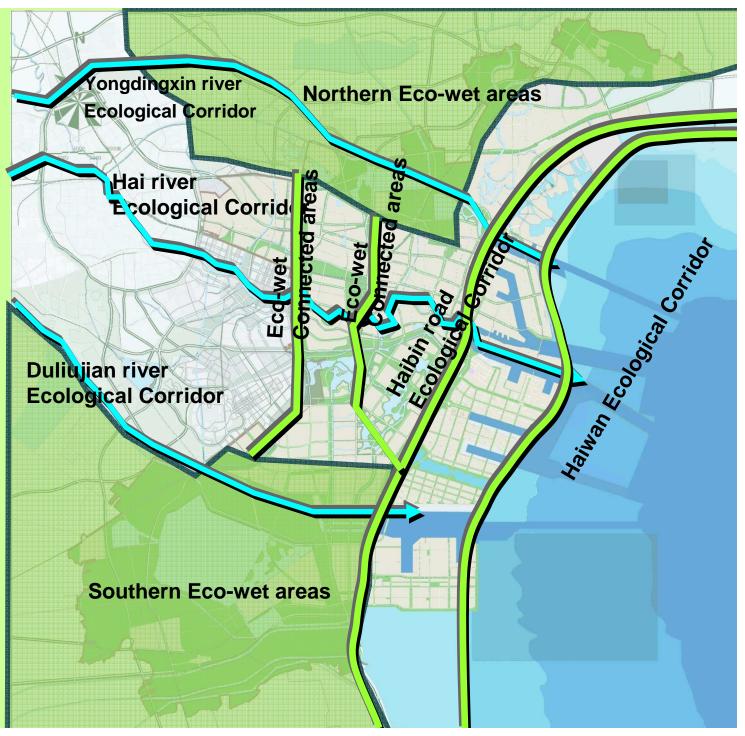


Sino-Singapore Tianjin Eco-city is trying to establish a new model for human habitation with social harmony, economic efficiency and ecological virtuous circle.



Totally 500 square kilometers ecological wetland in southern and northern parts of TBNA has been constructed and preserved.

The high-standard green belts along the rivers, the highways and the industrial functional zones have been planted.



A large-scale integrated environmental remediation has been carried out



The opening-up and development of TBNA is an epitome of China's sustainable development. China's sustainable development has been carried out across-the-board and been promoted actively. We are strongly confident that, with the theory direction of scientific outlook on development and strong support from the world and joint effort of people across the country, China's economic society will be absolutely developed sound and fast.



