



**next
gen
EU** 

RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE PLANS

The Social Dimension

8 November 2023

Social, employment, health and education measures

Recovery and Resilience Facility



Green Transition



Digital Transformation



Social and Territorial
Cohesion



Smart, Sustainable and
Inclusive Growth



Health; Economic, Social and
Institutional Resilience



Policies for the next
Generation

40% of all Country Specific Recommendations relate to social, employment, health and education measures
European Pillar of Social Rights as a central element

Substantial social reforms and investments included in the plans, covering all six pillars
Social spending in the adopted initial plans equivalent to around 30% of the total financial envelope

RRPs: Supporting employment and social policies

Employment and labour market

Adult learning, employment support, modernisation of labour market institutions
€28 bn – 20%



Education

Accessibility, affordability, quality and inclusiveness, including digitalisation and infrastructure
€46 bn – 33%



Health care and long-term care

Supporting resilience, sustainability, adequacy, availability, accessibility, affordability and quality
€45 bn – 33%



Social protection and social inclusion

Supporting social housing, social protection, and social inclusion
€20bn – 14%

Relevant monitoring indicators

- According to the Delegated Act on common indicators, Member States will report on several indicators relevant for the implementation of the EPSR, see below the current figures:
 - (10) Number of participants in education or training - Total participants: 6.888.121
 - (11) Number of people in employment or engaged in job searching activities - Total people: 688.091
 - (12) Capacity of new or modernised health care facilities - Total capacity: 18.646.974
 - (13) Classroom capacity of new or modernised childcare and education facilities - Total capacity: 555.062
 - (14) Number of young people aged 15-29 years receiving support - Total young people: 4.115.196

RRPs: Equal opportunities and access to the labour market - education



- **Compensation for lost learning** due to school closures
 - Catch-up classes, in particular for disadvantaged students
- **Inclusive education**
 - Early school leaving prevention
 - Equal access to **digital education**
- **Quality education**
 - Affordable quality early childhood education and care
 - Upgrade of **infrastructure**
 - More **links between academia and private sector**

RRPs: Equal opportunities and access to the labour market – labour market and skills



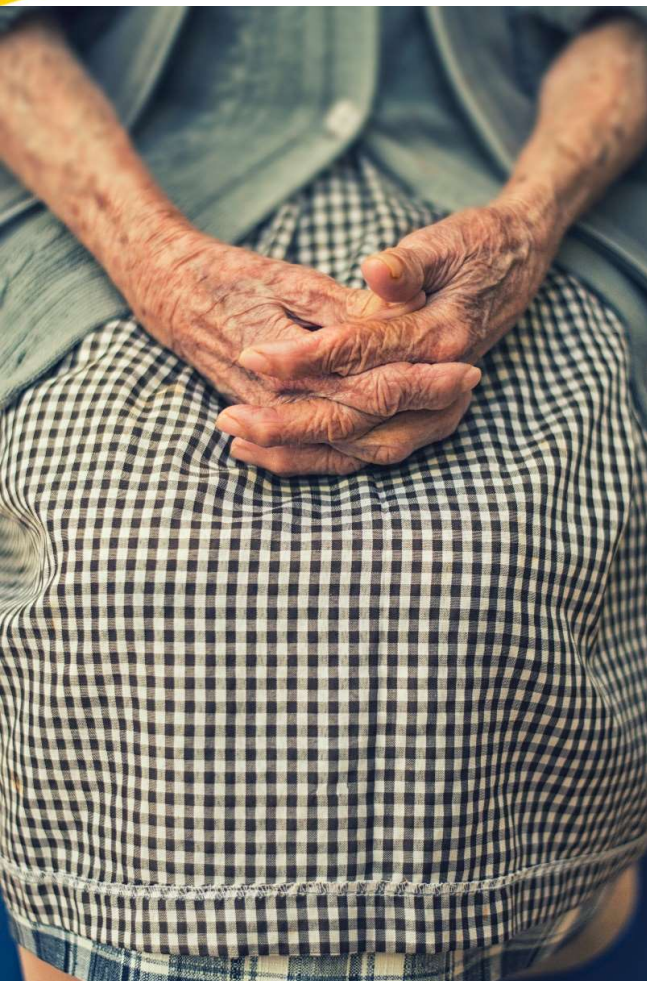
- Cushioning the impact of the crisis (after discontinuation of temporary support measures):
 - **Hiring subsidies**
 - Reform of the **public employment services** to provide more efficient and targeted support to job-seekers, temporary increase in staff of public employment services
 - **Activation** for job seekers
- Labour market inclusion
 - Support for the **participation of women** and reduction of the gender pay gap
 - Labour integration of **people with disabilities**
 - Activation of **elder workers**, also with a view to increase sustainability of pension systems
- Preparation for the twin transition
 - **Skills demand forecast**
 - **Upskilling and reskilling opportunities**

RRPs: Fair working condition



- Protection of **vulnerable/atypical workers** (also through the reform of the public employment service)
- Labour market reform and employment support to strengthen open-ended contracts and **reduce segmentation**
- Investment for **more secure workplaces** (health and security)
- Workplace adaptation for **workers with disabilities**
- Fight against fraud and **undeclared work**
- Modernisation of **collective bargaining**
- Wages organisation and recruitment of **civil service**

RRPs: Social protection and inclusion – social policies



- Inclusion
 - **Social protection** and **integration** of vulnerable groups
 - Reforms of **minimum income schemes**
 - Renovation / construction of **housing** and shelters
- Building resilience
 - **Energy efficiency** programmes in social housing
 - **Reforms and Investments** to promote social and affordable housing supply
 - Upgrade, expansion and/or improvement of **access to social services**

RRPs: Social protection and inclusion – health and long-term care



- **Strengthening resilience of healthcare systems**
 - Reorganising healthcare systems, improving hospital infrastructure settings, deploying eHealth
 - Addressing shortages of health workforce
- **Improving access to and cost-efficiency of healthcare**
 - Improving primary health care, shift to outpatient care, hospital network modernisation, scaling up prevention, diagnosis and treatment
 - Rebalancing regional distribution of services
- **Ensuring long-term care**
 - Deinstitutionalisation strategy for long-term care, community nursing, new technologies for home care

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- Prerequisite to request pre-financing: CID was adopted by 31 December 2021.

Thank you & Q&A

More information:

- [Recovery and Resilience Facility | European Commission \(europa.eu\)](#)
- [Recovery and Resilience Scoreboard](#)
- [Annual Report on the RRF](#)
- https://commission.europa.eu/business-economy-euro/economic-recovery/recovery-and-resilience-facility_en#rrf-supported-projects-in-the-member-states

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