



Post-2027 CAP

Building Food Sovereignty

Fair prices for more farmers and a transition to a social, sustainable and agroecological agricultural and food model

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- Movement of farmer's and worker's organizations across Europe
- European branch of La Via Campesina



11/13/24 – Anti-EU-Mercosur FTA Peasant Demonstration (@ECVC)

Farmers situation



11/13/24 – Anti-EU-Mercosur FTA farmers Demonstration (@ECVC)

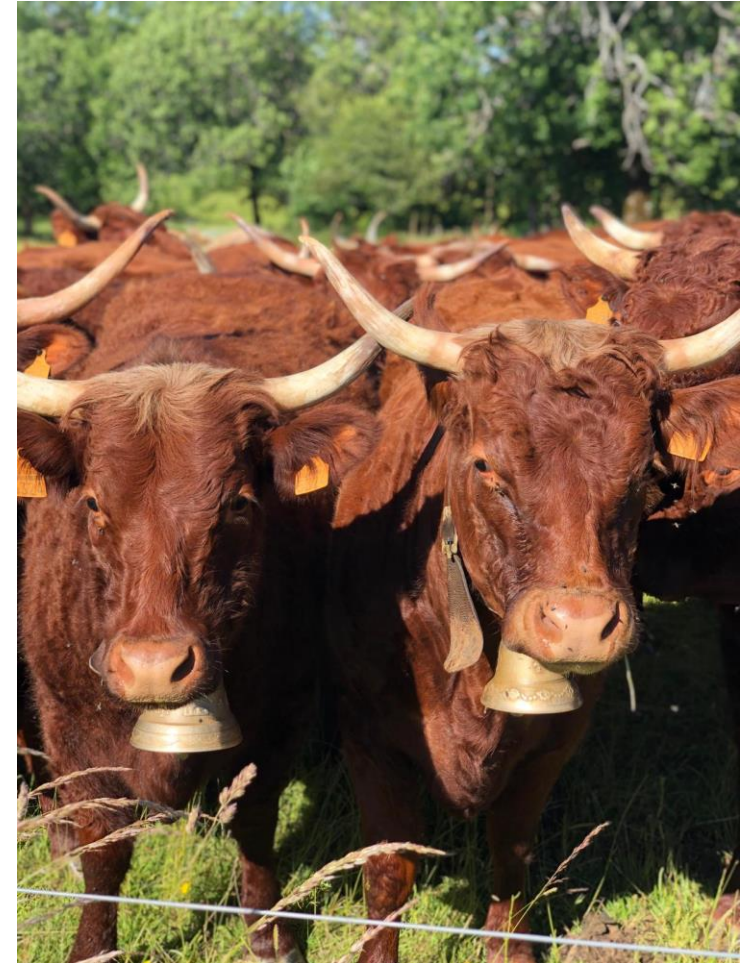
- In the EU: agricultural income is lower than the average of the rest of the economy in almost all Member States.
- Agri income corresponds to 47% of the average gross wages and salaries in the EU economy
- Farms run by managers aged 40 or under have on average the lowest incomes at EU level
- Between 2005 and 2020 alone, around 5 million farms closed in the EU
- **It is impossible to have a transition in these conditions**

1) The Regulation of Agricultural Market as a compass

Priorities of the Common Market Organisation (CMO)

1. To ensure prices that cover production costs for producers ,
2. Regulate the volumes produced and the volumes placed on the market,
3. Manage stocks publicly,
4. Strengthen producer organizations to ensure the effective participation of farmers ,
5. Supporting the agroecological transition and sustainable agricultural practices,
6. Strengthen the crisis prevention and management policy,
7. Increase regulation of imports.

Once we have fair prices, we can talk about public payments



2) A fairer system for distributing CAP payments

CAP payments must support an agro-ecological transition for numerous, diversified and resilient farms

- **support the sustainability of farms, particularly small and medium-sized farms**
- **increase in payments dedicated to the installation and creation of farms, support to youth and new entrants**
- specific support for areas with natural and structural handicaps
- Specific support for women and gender diversity
- social conditionality
- **Support and guidance for sustainable and agroecological practices, and the transition towards them**
- distribution of special aid to prevent and manage crises

3) A project for Society

- The CAP must allow **access to land** and move away from its logic which forces the expansion and specialization of farms.
- The CAP must be **coordinated jointly with public food policies**.
- The CAP must dedicate its mechanisms to food production and not to the use of land for energy production (agrofuels, methanization, agrivoltaics).
- The CAP must mobilize all available levers, combining market regulation and targeted payments, to territorialize food systems and despecialize territories.





Thank you