



# **CALL FOR ACTION**

DRAWN UP IN THE WAKE OF THE EUROPEAN CONSUMER DAY 2023

#### **Legislation:**

- Make best use of the legislation that we already have:
  - the legal framework that is already in place, especially the Unfair Commercial Practices Directive, and the new possibilities offered by the DMA and the DSA;
  - new digital/AI tools;
  - cooperation with established networks;
  - voluntary commitments by businesses.

## **Compliance:**

- Ensure that businesses comply with European consumer law.
- Maintain dialogue between industry and other stakeholders.
- Ensure that influencers are transparent about their funding and comply with consumer legislation.

### **Consumer protection:**

- Ensure that consumers are empowered and know their rights (concept of co-enforcement).
- Provide more and better protection for consumers against the multitude of unfair practices they face in the data economy, of which they are not even aware.
- Waive the requirement for consumer complaints, and ensure super-complainant status for consumer protection organisations.
- Develop a new field of scientific study and practical application called "Consumer forensics" – a research agenda for public interest technology and European law enforcement focusing on detecting, measuring and ranking consumer protection violations on digital markets.

#### **Enforcement:**

- Ensure that we have competent authorities with adequate investigation and enforcement powers and a bold interpretation of consumer legislation in line with the new challenges.
- Promote a "single market enforcement culture", so that Member States do not act in isolation.
- Develop more regulatory coherence and coordinate enforcement within Member States, both among themselves and with the European Commission.
- Grant stronger powers to the Commission in the event of major EU-wide infringements, as well as to national authorities of the CPC Network.

#### **Protecting minors online:**

- Stress special liability for the social media platforms regarding minors.
- Promote safety by design approaches and ban practices like information filtering, profiling and decision-making that can be biased against children.
- Fight fake news, since young people in particular also use social media as a source of information.
- Set minimum standards for consumer protection of children online, especially focusing on persuasive design.

### Field-specific research:

- Conduct further research in the area of online protection of children, both qualitative and quantitative, working across disciplines.
- Launch longitudinal studies, which are necessary to see the impact on the mental health and well-being of children.
- Ensure **better access to data** for researchers from social media platforms.